

In Time of Need

Our immense stock and a slow season compel us to make an unusual inducement—one that will be appreciated. We have determined to give ONE DOLLAR AND FIFTY CENTS on every purchase of \$10 in any department in our store in Clothing, Gentlemen's Furnishings or Hats.

This will be in the form of an order for \$1.50, good at any grocery or meat market in Indianapolis.

Many of our patrons may not need this order for themselves. Such persons may give the order to a poor neighbor or to any charity organization. We will pay promptly in cash every order on presentation at our cashier's desk.

Following is a copy of the order:

The bearer of this order is entitled to \$1.50 in groceries or meats. All orders will be promptly paid in cash on presentation at the Original Eagle Clothing Company, Nos. 5 and 7 West Washington street.

This Offer is Good for the Next Two Weeks.

We guarantee every article sold by us to be as low in price as can be bought in the city of Indianapolis, or money refunded. We have a tremendous stock of

MEN'S, BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S CLOTHING

Also, a great assortment of

Holiday Furnishing Goods.

Don't Put Off Your Purchases. We'll Have a Great Rush on These Goods.

ORIGINAL EAGLE

FURNITURE

FOR THE

HOLIDAYS

Special bargains in our own make of Upholstered Furniture.

We want to Reduce this stock by Jan. 1, and you will be surprised how cheap you can buy anything in our line of Parlor Suites, Easy Chairs, Divans, Conversation Chairs, Rockers, odd Chairs, etc. Also, cheaper than ever before offered, a large line of

China Closets,
Sideboards,
Dining Tables,
Dining Chairs,
Hall Racks,
Parlor, Library &
Fancy Tables,
Chiffoniers,
Combination and
Library Book-
Cases,
Bedroom Sets,

Couches, Desks,
Upholstered,
Reed, Cobbler
and Cane Rock-
ing Chairs,
Children's Chairs
and Rockers,
Iron Beds,
Wardrobes,
Blacking Cases,
Etc., Etc.

We are closing out our Lace Curtains and Rugs. See the bargains we can offer you.

Make your selection now and have it set aside before the rush commences. Our store will be open every night commencing Dec. 18.

FRANK'S FURNITURE FAIR

115, 117 and 119 E. Washington Street,
OPPOSITE COURTHOUSE.

The Sunday Journal, by Mail, Two Dollars Per Annum

Fair; cold wave.

SOMETHING FOR NOTHING

A view of that celebrated painting, "The Morning of the Crucifixion," we are exhibiting FREE OF CHARGE. Every one should take advantage of this chance.

A SPECIAL FEATURE in our Boys' Department this week is a Boys' Long-cut Blue Chinchilla Ulster at \$6. It cannot be duplicated elsewhere for less than \$8. A pair of Barney & Barry's All-clamp SKATES given with every purchase of a Boy's Suit or Overcoat.

Men's Black Frieze Ulsters \$15, the best Ulster you ever saw for the money.

It pays to buy at

THE WHEN XMAS JEWELRY

\$2.50 Sterling Silver Napkin Rings for \$1.25.
\$5.50 Rolled-plated Chains, warranted seven years, for \$1.98.

\$6.50 Solid Gold Stick Pins, one Diamond, for \$2.35.

BIG STOCK LINK CUFF-BUTTONS.

\$4 Child's Diamond Ring, solid gold, for \$2.50.

\$5.50 Opera Glasses for \$2.85.

See Our Ivory-Handle Umbrellas.

\$6.50 Sterling Silver Match Safes for \$3.25.

\$6.50 Walnut Alarm and Striking Clock for \$3.50.

Immense Stock of Fine Diamonds, Bottom Prices.

\$10 Initial Rings, large, for \$4.25.

\$12 Diamond Bar Pins for \$4.95.

\$16 Ladies' gold-filled American stem-wind watch, \$9.40.

Biggest Stock of Sterling Silver and Fine Plated Wares.

\$18 Gents' Gold-filled, stem-wind Watch for \$10.50.

\$13.50 Enameled Clocks, gong strike, for \$8.50.

Watches of All Kinds at Lowest Prices

Coustock,

16 East Washington Street.

The Hoosier Poet.

James Whitcomb Riley uses the words "musically, mystically, mellow," and we borrow them to describe the wonderful singing tones that come from the Hazelton Piano.

It is a piano that "sings its own praises." There is nothing about it to hide, nothing to gloss over. It is good from the box to the sounding board, and from one end of the keys to the other. No wooden sounds come from its treble. There is nothing dead about the full, rich bass. The ends are as good as the middle. That's one test for a piano. There are others. If you'll let us, we'll tell you what they are. You'll be posted then and need take no dealer's word.

Pearson's Music House
82 and 84

NORTH PENNSYLVANIA STREET

AMUSEMENTS.

PROPYLEUM.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, DEC. 13,

FRANK Z. MAFFEY'S

Banjo, Mandolin and Guitar CONCERT

Grand Banjo Orchestra.

Indianapolis Ideal Banjo Club.

High School Banjo Club.

Columbian Ladies' Mandolin and Guitar Club.

Tickets for sale at music stores.

TOOK NO SILVER.

Bank Safe Blown Open and Over \$6,000 in Gold and Bills Stolen.

DALLAS, Tex., Dec. 9.—The safe of the Plano National Bank at Plano was blown to pieces last night and robbed of all the currency and part of the gold in it—from \$5,000 to \$8,000. The robbers took no silver. The bank kept the bulk of its funds in the Dallas bank. It has been reported for some days that the Dalton boys have been camping near Plano, and it is believed that they were the robbers, particularly when an anonymous letter was recently found, warning the people of Dallas county that the Daltons had planned to rob several banks in this section.

MOB LAW IN ALABAMA.

Two Negroes Lynched on Suspicion of Being Incendiaries.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Dec. 9.—There has been much excitement around the little town of Berlin, in Dallas county, for the past three days, and as a result two negroes have been lynched. Tuesday night the store of Jack Tubbs was burglarized, and Reuben Smith, a clerk, who slept in it, was brutally murdered. Great indignation was felt by the citizens, and search parties were at once organized. Ben Minter, a negro, was captured Wednesday. The crowd allowed him a preliminary trial, his guilt was established and he was sent to jail. On the way that night he was taken from the officers and hanged. Yesterday Jim Wilkins was arrested and found guilty. Last night he met the same fate as Minter. Both bodies dangled beside each other in a swamp. The mob is looking for others who might have been implicated, but have not found them yet.

MAY BE LYNCHED OR BURNED. LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Dec. 9.—A fifteen-year-old negro named Sol Horner attempted to outrage Miss Lizzie Keller, a sixteen-year-old white girl, daughter of a prominent family, on the road one mile from Harrisburg, last evening. The girl fought desperately and saved her honor, but sacrificed her life. The negro cut her throat with his pocketknife and then took to the woods. The girl was found in the road in a dying condition, but told the terrible story between gasps while her life's blood spurted from the gashes in her throat. The sheriff and a posse of several hundred citizens followed the negro with bloodhounds. He was captured last night, and is now being guarded at Harrisburg. His clothes were covered with blood, and no evidence is lacking to prove his guilt. Information is hourly expected that he has been lynched or burned.

FOR FALSE IMPRISONMENT.

An American Pensioner's Claim Against the Canadian Government.

DETROIT, Mich., Dec. 9.—Lloyd Shorter, a citizen of the United States residing in Windsor, Ont., has commenced proceedings against the Canadian government to secure damages for false imprisonment. A petition has been forwarded to Secretary of State Gresham, through the American consul at Windsor, asking him that the case be investigated and Canada required to make reparation. Shorter was a soldier in the late war and was entitled to a pension. In 1891 he applied for a pension through G. W. Simon, an agent in Windsor, and secured it, paying a \$25 fee to Simon. While Shorter's application was on file, Simon threatened vengeance because they were not given free rides. No money was paid, but the coaches were badly wrecked and several people were bruised.

Fell Dead from Apoplexy.

CHICAGO, Dec. 9.—James E. Sheldon, of St. Louis, connected with the Columbian Underground Electric Traction Company of that city, fell dead some time after midnight in front of the ladies' entrance to the Grand Pacific Hotel on Jackson street. Apoplexy is supposed to be the cause.

Train Wrecked by Tramps.

EL PASO, Tex., Dec. 9.—A Southern Pacific passenger train went over a high embankment at Lordsburg, N. M., to-day. It is supposed to have been wrecked by tramps who threatened vengeance because they were not given free rides. No one was killed, but the coaches were badly wrecked and several people were bruised.

A FIEND'S DEED

Bomb Cast from a Gallery of the French Chamber of Deputies.

Eighty Members and Visitors Wounded by the Explosion of the Shot and Slug-Filled Missile.

BURST WHILE IN THE AIR

And Spent Its Force Before It Struck the Chamber Floor,

Thus Thwarting the Design of the Anarchist and Averting a Slaughter of French Statesmen.

SCENE OF WILD CONFUSION

Panic Prevented by the Coolness of President Dupuy,

Who, Though Injured Himself, Managed to Restore Order and Calm the Excited Deputies.

SIXTY PERSONS ARRESTED

Anarchist Named Lenoir Supposed to Be the Perpetrator.

He Gained Admission on a Card, and Was Found To Be Wounded When Taken by the Police.

PARIS, Dec. 9.—While the Chamber of Deputies was in session this afternoon a bomb was thrown from one of the galleries, and after a double report, exploded in the midst of the lawmakers. A scene of terrible excitement followed. The crowds in the galleries were seized with panic, and through blinding smoke and dust fought fiercely to escape from the building. The police, however, with great promptness had closed every exit and instituted at once the most searching investigation for the criminals. Both in the galleries and on the floor of the chamber many persons, including women, were hurt more or less seriously, but so far as known only one was fatally hurt. The Deputies displayed great coolness, and their President, M. Dupuy, appealed to his colleague to continue the discussions with calmness. His remarks were loudly cheered and partial order was restored. The number of wounded is said to be over eighty.

The police detained, on suspicion, 200 persons, but after a thorough examination, discharged all but sixty, who are now under lock and key. Included among the prisoners is one Lenoir, who says that he lives on the Rue St. Ambroise, and who received injuries. He obtained admission to the gallery on a card from one of the Deputies, and at first told the police that he was unaccompanied; but a remark made by another wounded man, made in the Chamber, leads the police to believe that Lenoir was one of a number of desperate plotters who had gone to the Chamber prepared to destroy it with dynamite. A shoemaker, named Chapeau, is also under arrest, and strongly suspected of being implicated in the infamous plot.

Paris, for a long time, has not been so stirred up. An immense crowd gathered around the building and watched the blood-stained Deputies and spectators as they were allowed from time to time to depart by the police. At midnight the excitement was still very great. There seems to be every reason to believe that the bomb was thrown by an Anarchist. The crime will undoubtedly result in strengthening the hands of the government and weakening the Socialists although they take great pains to denounce the Anarchists. Nine Deputies are known to be among the injured.

DETAILS OF THE CRIME.

The Bomb Exploded Before It Reached the Intended Victims.

PARIS, Dec. 9.—The murderous Anarchists of France have inaugurated another reign of terror. A bomb filled with slugs of iron and lead was to-day thrown from the gallery on the floor of the Chamber of Deputies, but, fortunately for the members, the missile exploded as it was leaving the hand of the thrower, and no one was killed outright. About eighty persons were injured, however. Perhaps it was retributive justice, working in a mysterious way, that the worst sufferer from the bomb was Abbe Lemoine, a Socialist Deputy.

Since the very safe explosion, the subsequent guillotining of Ravachol and the few minor outbreaks following the death of the red-headed Anarchist, the anarchist preachers have kept themselves fairly quiet in France. Mutterings, however, have been heard from time to time, and especially during the reign of terror at Barcelona, when the attack was made on Gen. Martinez Campos and later when the bombs were thrown into the theater. To-day's crime, therefore, was a surprise, and produced a sensation among even the excitement-loving Parisians.

The proceedings of the Chamber of Deputies were of a routine nature this afternoon, and the attendance was not large, either on the floor or in the galleries. The work was progressing smoothly when, suddenly, from the right gallery a bomb was thrown or fell in the midst of the Deputies, causing a loud explosion and a scene of the greatest confusion. The police immediately closed all the doors of the chamber and refused to allow anybody to pass in or out until an investigation was concluded. This gave rise to the wildest rumors. On the streets it was reported that many persons were killed and wounded, and it was some hours before anything

like the truth could be learned; and even ten hours after the occurrence the full facts are unknown. It was said that the bomb seemed to be filled with shot or slugs, and that when it exploded these missiles were thrown with the greatest force in all directions, many in the galleries being wounded. It was announced that the police had made several arrests from among the visitors.

A COOL-HEADED PRESIDENT.

The President of the Chamber, M. Dupuy, is reported to have behaved with admirable coolness and courage, and is said to have done everything possible to restore order and prevent a spread of the panic which seized upon everybody present when the explosion took place. When quiet was somewhat restored it was discovered that nobody was killed outright, and M. Dupuy rang the bell of the President of the Chamber, calling the Deputies to resume their seats. About one-third of the Deputies present obeyed the summons, and when they were seated M. Dupuy arose and said as calmly as if nothing had happened: "Such attempts should not disconcert the Chamber. I invite you to continue your discussion with calmness. When the order of the day has been dealt with the proper officials will do their duty." The discussion of the verification of the Deputies was resumed.

During this time the wounded persons had been assisted to the refreshment rooms where they were attended to by a number of physicians who were hastily summoned to the spot by the police immediately after the bomb exploded. The rooms where the wounded were treated presented a sanguinary appearance. The wound from which Deputy Lemoine is suffering is very dangerous. He has a severe wound in the neck, but it is expected that he will recover. At least a score of spectators from the tribunes and galleries traversed the Salle des Pas Perdue in order to get medical assistance. All had bloody shirts and cravats and wounds were applied to their faces. Among the persons seen to be so wounded were a number of women who were weeping with pain and shrieking with fright. The Salle des Quatre Colonnes, which leads into the Salle des Pas Perdue, was covered with splashes of blood.

It is supposed that the miscreant who caused the explosion escaped during the confusion. It is also asserted that he was wounded by the explosion, which occurred the moment the bomb left his hand, which explains the number of people wounded in the gallery. Had the bomb fallen among the Deputies, of the Right, as probably intended, a number of them would have been killed. A number of strangers and journalists, all more or less wounded, were picked up even on the second floor. Scattered about the chamber were many pieces of iron larger, but of the same shape as nail heads, and it is believed that the bomb was loaded with these pieces of iron.

As the discussion was resumed by the Deputies, influenced by the superb calm of the President of the Chamber, the frightened spectators gradually resumed their places in the galleries. Soon after Premier Casimir-Perier mounted the tribune and congratulated the Chamber of Deputies upon having adopted the advice of M. Dupuy, adding: "The chamber has done its duty and the government will do the same." (Loud cheering.) When the cheering had subsided M. Casimir-Perier added: "And the government will visit the attempt with the most severe penalties." (Prolonged cheering.) M. Dupuy associated himself with M. Casimir-Perier's words and, amid renewed cheering, the Chamber of Deputies adjourned. The public left the galleries very slowly, many of the spectators carrying away with them small pieces of iron splinters of wood or other souvenirs of the explosion.

VIVE LE PRESIDENT DUPUY.

After the Chamber had adjourned M. Dupuy was the object of a manifestation of sympathy so touching that it brought tears to the eyes of all present. The newspapers men threw themselves before the President of the Chamber in order to compliment him upon his coolness and courage, saying that he had given an example which was to be admired, and then, spontaneously, the Deputies, newspaper men and spectators burst out with ringing cheers of "Vive le President Dupuy." The courageous President of the Chamber, who was so deeply moved by this manifestation of sympathy and appreciation of his courage, retired from the Chamber as quickly as he could after the adjournment.

The prefect of police, the procurator of the republic and the procurator-general hurried to the Chamber of Deputies so soon as they were notified by the newspapers, and at 7 p. m. all the entrances of the Palais Bourbon were guarded by gendarmes, and but few spectators remained in the vicinity. The police admit that the contents of the bomb were spread all over the tribune and chamber, and that had it exploded on the floor, instead of in the gallery, or, more correctly speaking, as it was falling from the gallery, the number of victims would have been very large.

The most extreme estimates of the number of people wounded by the explosion, estimates which were not confirmed, place the total at fifty more or less seriously injured. This number includes fifteen Deputies, and among them M. Casanova de Pradine, Le Comte de Tanmanet, Ledech and Gouter. The witnesses of the explosion this evening were interrogated in the quester's office. The doors were guarded by armed soldiers and gendarmes.

An officer of the marine infantry, who was on the second floor of the chamber when the bomb was thrown, says that he believes the miscreant was tall and fair, and that he had a full beard. The officer referred to adds that he thinks the bomb thrower was badly wounded in the arm, as the deadly missile exploded shortly after leaving the hand of the thrower, which leads people to believe that it was not a percussion cap bomb, but a bomb with a time fuse attached to it, and that the length of the fuse or the duration of its burning was miscalculated and thus saved the lives of a number of people. In view of the description given by the officer, the police are keeping a special watch over all of those who have been injured in the arms. It is believed, however, that though the man may have worn a light beard when he threw the bomb, it is quite possible for him to have thrown it off during the excitement which followed the explosion. M. Goron, chief of the detective department, is at this hour (7:45 p. m.) examining four individuals who were in the gallery from which, according to current versions, the bomb was thrown.

THE WOUNDED.

The room reserved for the wounded at the Palais Bourbon has only one bed, and it was occupied by a wounded spectator. In the third bureau the Associated Press correspondent recognized Abbe Lemoine lying covered with blood on a mattress supplied from the soldiers' quarters. He appeared to be suffering great pain. On a chair in the same room was a lieutenant of infantry, who had two fingers of his right hand fractured. The lieutenant was in the gallery from which the bomb was thrown. Eight or ten other wounded people were found around a table in the second bureau, where their wounds were being bathed and dressed. In this bureau the most serious case was that of a woman, who was suffering from a fracture of the knee cap. The wounded limb was placed in a splint. Continuing his explorations the corre-